

Highest of all in Leavening Power—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

## Royal Baking Powder

### ABSOLUTELY PURE

### MONEY.

Among the several reasons offered by the gold standard advocates for maintaining that standard, their first is that there has been an enormous overproduction of silver; so great that it has rendered that metal so cheap that it is no longer a precious metal. The fact is that by reason of the combined efforts of the moneyed powers, they have caused the demand for silver to be checked, and its value to be declined in price; not, however, to such an extent as to put it out of the rank of precious metals.

Again, when it is conceded that the amount of silver in the world available as money is now \$2 58 per capita and the amount of gold \$0.45 available is \$2.59 per capita, it certainly appears that there is room for a much greater production and silver still be a very precious metal. The amounts of the two metals per capita are shown by U. S. Government statistics, and in view of the attitude of this administration, and all the others since 1873, on the question, the gold standard men will no doubt admit their accuracy.

It is true that these statistics further show that the United States is producing more silver bullion than it ever did, or was until very recently. But the balance of the world is producing much less than ever before. We produce two thirds of the silver output of the world. The result is, that while we are producing the bulk of the world's silver, the European countries are valuing our silver and taking it from us at their own price. The report of the director of the mint shows that since 1890 the world has produced less silver than gold, while during the fifty years just before that time, the world produced three-fourths more silver than gold.

The most convincing statement of the relative quantities of the two metals is taken from a table compiled by Mr. Marshall, the London statistician recognized the world over as authority. The table gives the quantity of gold and silver of the world, both coined and uncoined, at six periods. It shows that in 1600 there were 27 tons of silver to 1 ton of gold. In 1700 34 tons of silver to 1 of gold; in 1843 31 tons of silver to 1 of gold; in 1880 18 tons of silver to 1 of gold; in 1890 18 tons of silver to 1 of gold.

So instead of their being an overproduction of silver it has in reality become less plentiful. Notwithstanding these variations in production of the two metals, the rates between them, fixed by law, remained unaltered. During a long period of years preceding 1873, almost every kind of disturbance that could by any possibility, have interfered with the relative value of gold and silver, occurred in the monetary world. Still throughout it all the relative value of the two stood practically unchanged. The ratio of 16 to 1 existed during a long period when silver was annually produced to three or four times the value of gold, and during another long period when gold was annually produced to three or four times the value of silver, and yet during all these convulsions the tie between gold and silver was not broken, and scarcely shaken.

Gold bugs sometimes argue that the relative value between gold and silver is fixed and regulated by custom and commerce, and that all laws heretofore attempting to establish a legal ratio have been a nullity and mere surplusage; that the unwritten laws of custom, trade, and commerce are inexorable, and were unaffected by any legal enactments bearing upon these relative values. It is such a case, upon what grounds can they object to a repeal of the present law, fixing the ratio and standard of value and a reenactment of our former coinage law? Upon their reasoning, such a change of laws would certainly be harmless. No one, however, can disprove, with any pretense to logic, or facts, that the adverse legislation since 1873 has caused the gradual decline of silver. On the contrary, every fact bearing upon the question verifies this, and shows beyond doubt this adverse legislation on silver is the cause of its decline. This being true, would not a repeal of this legislation restore silver to its former position, the controlling medium of monetary affairs? Unquestionably favor-

able laws can create a demand for silver and thus affect its value, and make certain a legal ratio.

As to the charge frequently made that bimetalists favor a "double standard," it is only necessary to say that they favor a return to the coinage laws in force prior to 1873, whereby we have a "single standard" and that was silver, but permitting gold to be coined and circulate in every respect on an equal basis and footing with silver. None conversant with the question advocate a double standard, but simply a change of standard from gold to silver, and coinage and circulation of the two metals without discrimination against either.

Another gold bug "slogan" is: "we must have a stable and fixed standard of measure of values, and this can only be assured by the present law making gold alone our primary money, money of redemption, and forcing all values to be measured by it."

Silver men agree that we should have as near as possible a stable measure of values, and are striving earnestly to attain that desired condition of affairs, but they deny that this status can be reached or even approached by the use of gold alone as a measure of values, and our only primary money.

In the first place it should be understood that an absolutely stable measure of values is an impossibility. The experience of ages teaches that the only practicable and serviceable measure of values, is a measure which of itself is valuable, that is, such a medium which, if the government coining it should collapse, or it should ever cease to be used as a money material, would still have a value attached to it. This being the accepted notion as to the qualities this medium should possess, and gold and silver each coming up to the requirements, they were both used for that purpose, mediums of exchange for measuring values the world over till 1873. Since then gold alone has been the measure of values, but before values were measured by the combined qualities of both metals.

As before stated, it is impossible to have an absolutely stable measure of values, because the money metals have values of their own, and any thing having value, and for which a demand exists, is subject to fluctuation, and though the metals when coined ceased to be commodities, yet the value of the same even when coined, is regulated by the value of commodities by supply and demand. It follows that having adopted metals for measures of value, possessing values peculiarly their own, and that all these values are regulated by the laws of supply and demand, then the value of these metals is likely to appreciate or depreciate just as commodities do, and therefore this character of measure of values cannot be a fixed and never changing standard. While we can not have a standard absolutely stable, yet it should be the aim and purpose of enlightened statesmen to establish a standard or measure as nearly permanent as possible; for certainly the more stable a measure a country establishes, just in that proportion will its material progress be advanced, providing of course that the quantity of the metals composing this measure is sufficient.

The question therefore to be settled is, which will afford the most stable and permanent measure of values, gold alone, or gold and silver combined? The sum total of our stock of gold and silver is about twice the value of our stock of gold alone; that is, add to our stock of gold, which is now our only primary money, or money of redemption, our stock of silver, and the value of the combined stock of redemption money will be doubled. It is only this character of money that measures values. It is apparent that the whole of this stock of money would be less liable to fluctuation than the half of it. Having such a supply of money any contraction of it by money hoarders, either by melting or withdrawing it from circulation or any expansion of it by any unexpected production of either metal would undoubtedly affect much less the stability and permanency of the whole than it would the half. We are suffering severely now and have been for years from the effects of a contracted currency; half of our currency was contracted or withdrawn by the demonetization act of 1873; at least three-fourths of the remainder, the gold of the world, is hoarded in the

banks and war chests of Europe, and the only way this Government can get gold at all is to go further in debt—issue bonds and pay excessive rates of interest, and this plan to be repeated time after time, and as often as our stock needs replenishing. The fact is that three men control the world's gold market, and they are constantly contracting it and shifting values; they handle it as the boy who holds the string to his toy balloon.

The "Yard stick argument" is frequently used by men upholding the gold standard. They claim that we should have a fixed measure for values; that you can not have this with two metals but you can with one, and ask how it would be to have a yard stick that varied in length, etc. This is really no argument, and not a comparison at all. It is true that the yard stick is a fixed measure of length and that the dollar or unit is a fixed measure of value, and the amount or quantity of gold in the dollar is fixed; but the value of this gold is not fixed, and on the contrary is constantly increasing in value. They fail to make the distinction that while the dollar is a measure of value, and the yard stick a measure of length, yet the dollar is a valuable measurement, and the yard stick is not. In other words, the gold in the dollar is valuable, and the wood in the yard stick is not. The raw material in the one is valuable and getting more so all the time, and therefore the manufactured product, the dollar, is growing more valuable, while the raw material of the yard stick is practically valueless, and always has been. Besides, the dollar is used both as a measure of value and a medium of exchange, while the yardstick is only a measure of length, and never used as a medium of exchange. It is simply used to measure the cloth, for instance, and is never "thrown in" the bargain, and neither adds to nor detracts from the value of the cloth measured. A yard stick is a fixed measure of length but there is no such thing as a fixed measure of length, but there is no such thing as a fixed measure of values, or a fixed value to property.

In the use of gold as a measure of value we see that a certain quantity of it will not always measure the value of a bushel of wheat. The latter may be worth 50 cents today and 60 cents tomorrow. You can't make a yard stick out of a gold dollar in the measurement of values. A yard stick can not be tampered with and its honest measurement is easily secured. If gold is to be our standard of values, it can shrink or expand at the pleasure of those who are able to run a trust on it at any time. They can not run a trust on silver, because it finds its way into every thoroughfare of trade, and is scattered among the great mass of the people, who use it in the millions of their daily transactions, and is therefore inaccessible to the money changers for such a purpose. This guarantees a more stable standard of values, and a more uniform price on commodities and property of all kinds. A gold standard is subject to contraction and expansion at the will of those who are able to lock it up.

Argentum.

### THE TITHING SYSTEM

Adopted by the Southern Baptist Church Convention.

In the Southern Baptist Church Convention in session at Washington the committee on church revenue reported. The report on tithing referred to the great financial embarrassment of the Southern Baptist Convention and concluded as follows:

"Your committee recommends the adoption of the tithing system, and that our several State conventions, district associations, the pastors, churches and missionary societies give earnest heed and active co-operation in their efforts to educate our people in paying systematically to God not less than one-tenth of their income."

"The Rev. E. G. Mullen, of Maryland, and the Rev. Lofton, of Tennessee, led the discussion in earnest support of the suggestion of the committee for the adoption of the tithing system. The former argued that payment to God of the tenth would prosper men more than solving the financial question or firing cannons into clouds to bring rain, and the latter declared that the prosperity—if not the existence of the convention—depended upon the adoption of the recommendations of this committee."

### BUYING GOLD.

An Alleged Attempt to Corner the Market.

NOT LIKELY TO SUCCEED.

Washington, May 7.—A rumor that the Morgan Rothschild syndicate is conspiring to corner the gold market, has been regarded as a canard. It is claimed to be fact, however, that brokers representing this syndicate have been paying a premium for the refined gold output of the private refineries throughout the West during the last two months, and that they are accumulating fine gold at the rate of \$2,500,000 to \$3,000,000 per month. This represents fully two-thirds of the entire gold output of the United States. The attention of officials of the Treasury Department was first attracted to the peculiar business by the sharp falling off in the deposits of gold at the mint, and inquiry very soon developed that private parties were buying the product of the refineries. Further inquiry revealed that the metal was purchased and was drifting to New York, where it is being put in store to the credit of the Morgan-Rothschild syndicate.

In order to divert the stream from its usual channels, leading into the United States mints, the private purchasers have been obliged to pay a premium of 1-8 to 1-2 cent. The premium paid for most of the gold was 1-8 cent, but so anxious have been the buyers to increase their lines and get everything in sight that they have marked up their quotations during the last few days. At the present time they are getting practically the entire output of the United States, excepting for the extreme Western coast.

Many men in Washington and in Wall street have jumped to the conclusion that the foundation is being laid for another bond deal before Congress meets. The last bond deal of \$62,000,000 has been pretty well closed out, over \$51,000,000 in gold having been paid out of the \$64,000,000, and it is generally believed that the entire deal will be cleaned up before the first day of August.

Under the terms of contract with the Treasury Department, the Morgan Rothschild syndicate has an option on any new bonds that may be issued by the Government prior to October 1. The new bonds are selling today in open market at 121½. They [the syndicate] 104½, which would show a profit of seventeen points in the operation amounting in all to \$10,540,000. It would not be fair to say the syndicate made that much out of the operation, but it is very safe to estimate its profits at \$8,000,000.

The syndicate is hurrying the completion of its present bond deal with the government. It deposited over \$1,000,000 today, which will bring the reserve up to \$93,000,000. It will not have to complete these payments until the 1st of August, but the operation may be closed up within a few weeks. That will leave the syndicate a free field.

### BIG BATTLE.

A Thousand Spanish Troops Are Caught and Killed.

Jacksonville, Fla., May 12.—A special from Tampa, Fla., says: Private advices received here from Cuba revolutionary leaders say a big battle was fought at Boryes, province of Puerto Principe, between Gomez and Cuban leaders and Saliea, Spanish commander. Gomez was victorious, annihilating the Spanish troops, killing and capturing more than a thousand men and great quantities of ammunition and other army stores. The battle lasted four hours and was hard fought.

The ranks of the insurgents are filling up from the small towns. Laborers are flocking to Gomez. Thousands are joining him. The Cuban patriots are jubilant over the news.

English, Ind., May 9.—Prof. Oscar Brunt, who analyzed the "black snow" last winter and pronounced the black specks therein minute animalcules, is now more firmly convinced of the justness of his opinion, and believes that the present worm plague is the product of that animalcule. The department at Washington procured samples of the "black dust" from the professor for examination, and the report is anxiously awaited by the professor, as well as those who decided his opinion.

### SERIOUS DAMAGE BY FROST.

Fifteen States Get a Nip During Saturday Night.

Chicago, May 12.—The Weather Bureau, in a report on the frost last night says:

The frost area reported last night is unusually extensive and severe for this time of the year, frost having occurred this morning in all of the fifteen States for which it was forecast Saturday. In the peach belt of Michigan and the cranberry marshes of Wisconsin temperatures below freezing occurred, and the frost was of a killing nature.

Frost of more or less severity occurred throughout the States of the upper lake region and the upper Mississippi valley, on the east slope of the Rocky Mountains and in Montana, Wyoming and Colorado. In these States the temperature will rise considerably tonight.

Reports from many points in the northwest are to the effect that considerable damage was done to small fruits and vegetable crops in many sections by the frost. Corn in some places has been badly injured, but may yet be replanted; other grains are said not to have suffered.

The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company received reports today from more than a hundred agents at stations along its lines in Central, Western and Northwest. Kansas, which show that the frost was severe on vegetables and garden plants; that the fruit was not materially damaged, and that the wheat and other small grain generally escaped and was not injured except in a few localities.

### Monthly Crop Report.

The reports of the statistical correspondence to the office this month have been unusually large, and from these returns I am justifiable in saying that the condition of all crops has advanced very greatly since the last report. The weather has been favorable for grain and grasses of all kinds and for all kinds of farm work, and the farmer is well advanced in spring work. The prospects for better prices are much better than last season, quite a number of farmers have engaged their wheat at threshing time at 50 cents a bushel, but many others are holding, and from present prices they have good prospects for realizing more money. The report for wheat one month ago was 90, today it stands at 96 per cent, an advance of six points. The time for the fly to show itself and for the rust to strike it, is just before ripening, or just before harvest. I will quote the remarks from different parts of the State.

From the county of Christian Dr. Clardy writes: "Had good rains; prospect for good crops seldom seem better; elegant stand of young clover, was a partial failure last year; some trouble from worms, but not serious here yet." From the county of Carroll: "All farm prospects are 100 per cent, compared to 1894." From the county of Caldwell: "Wheat looks well, tobacco beds never looked better; cut worms very bad; some early corn will have to be planted over." From the county of Campbell: "The wheat and other grains come out wonderfully since last report; fields that looked bare months ago look like they will make large yields." From the county of Woodford: "Wheat, rye, barley and oats excellent growth; the young clover splendid catch." The Hon. C. L. Seary of Mason county writes: "Prospects good for all kinds of crops; farmers feeling good." From the county of Harrison: "Wheat is rank and of fine color; a little spotted." From the county of Union: "Farmers all happy; corn is being put in rapidly; ground in good condition; weather fine and prospect for good crop here never better."

RYE.

The reports on rye are not so full as wheat—nearly every county reporting as to the latter. The average is several points under that of wheat. Being raised principally for pasture, is usually grazed very hard through the winter, consequently it does not look as well as wheat at this time of year. The condition is placed at 83 per cent.

BARLEY.

The condition of barley is placed at 91.5.

### MEADOW MOWING LANDS.

Have improved wonderfully since last report. Most correspondents place the condition at 100; some considerably over that, but a few, how-

ever, make very low reports, which brings the average down. I take it, from the general tone of the correspondents, that there will be a good hay crop. The condition is 92 per cent.

CLOVER.

As well as hemp, oats and tobacco beds, are suffering from the ravages of cut worm and army worm. I could quote the reports from a large number of correspondents, not confined to any particular locality, all complaining of the cut worm and the army worm. In a number of counties whole fields of clover have been destroyed by them, and the early planted corn will have to be planted again. Some farmers who have escaped them are happy and the others are despondent. The condition of clover is placed at 86 per cent.

PASTURES.

Which includes bluegrass and every kind of grazing lands, are very short for this time of year—have not made much growth until the past fifteen days. The per cent, is 87.

OATS.

Over an average crop has been sown and where the worms have not infested it is looking well. The condition is 94 per cent.

TOMATOES.

Some correspondents write that so much destruction has been done to the beds by the worms that there will not be a full crop planted. The acreage is placed at 92 per cent.

HEMP.

The average acreage of hemp is placed at 92 per cent.

HOGS.

There has been a gain in hogs since last report. The last report was 90 per cent. The per cent, today is placed at 98.

CATTLE.

The returns still show a shortage of cattle, which is evidently due to the hard winter and the scarcity of winter feed. The returns show an increase of two points since last report. The per cent, for this month is placed at 81.

SHEEP.

The figures from correspondents show a shortage of sheep. Quite a number attribute it to the low price of sheep and wool. The winter has been very severe on lambs. The per cent, is placed at 79.

MULES.

The very low price of mules has caused the farmer to neglect them, which has decreased the comparative number. Per cent, placed at 89.

HORSES.

The number of horses is well maintained. The per cent, is placed at 85.

FRUIT.

The correspondents report an abundant crop of all kinds of fruit except peaches, cherries and plums. Nicholas McDow II. Frankfort, May 7, 1895.

Washington, May 10.—Gold in considerable quantities is being exchanged for silver certificates of small denominations in the northwest. In Chicago yesterday the United States sub-treasury received \$650,000 in gold in exchange for such paper money and the same demand, only less prominent, is felt at other points in that region. The demand for small money is taken as an evidence of a revival of business with the opening of spring. The treasury continues, however, to lose gold at both New York and San Francisco, where United States and treasury notes are being presented for redemption.

A terrific cyclone devastated portions of Iowa Friday. A dispatch says:

"The deaths at Doon are now given as ten. Four or five will probably cover the deaths at Sibley. At Perkins the loss of life is said to have been very large, probably not less than thirty or forty. This, with the number killed on farms about the country must bring the number up to nearly seventy five or one hundred. It is difficult to determine tonight what the loss to property will amount to, but from all accounts it must be enormous. The demolition of three school houses and the death of a number of teachers and children form one of the saddest features of the terrible disaster. The school buildings at Breton, Sheldon and Alton were torn to atoms and at each place a number of the children were killed or injured. Mr. John Foster's house was totally destroyed not far from here, his wife killed and one child blown away and can not be found."



The Currency Question is the issue, and "Coin's Financial School" is the explanation. Thousands of copies of this little book have been sold, and the sale goes right along. It will give you an insight to the financial situation that would otherwise require volumes. It is a simple, easy plain statement of the matter.

PRICE 25 CENTS. FOR SALE BY A. M. Hearin, MARION, KY.

## Are You Ready For the Harvest? 1895.

There's only one way to get ready so that you can be sure that you are ready—and I am ready to get you ready with the World-Beating.



**LIGHT-RUNNING McCORMICK STEEL BINDERS AND MOWERS**

**BEST IN THE WORLD**

Most Durably Built, Lightest in Draft, Greatest in Capacity, Simplest in Construction. All Competition Shown Away from the McCormick in the World's Fair Tests.

I might to-day be selling a line of so-called "cheap" machines at a price which would still be high, but prefer to sell the high-value McCormick at a price which experience will most assuredly prove to be true. Glad to show my friends these machines at any time. Come in and see them.

I also represent the best threshers, engines, saw mills, corn mills, corn crushers, cane mills, hay presses, etc., direct from the manufacturers, and keep on hand machinery repairs and supplies. My binder twine is new See McCormick sign. Yours Truly, H. F. RAY.

## Wool Carding!

The undersigned desires to say that he is now prepared to Card Wool. Having had twenty years experience in wool carding and my machine being in first class order I feel safe in saying that I can and will do satisfactory work. Parties living at a distance can club together and send wool in hundred pound lots or over. I will pay freight one way. Mark each parcel of wool with owners name and say cash or toll. Send one pound of clean lard for eight pounds of wool.

Very Respectfully,  
**R. N. DOSS,**  
MARION, KY.

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## The Press.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

ONE YEAR ONE DOLLAR

We are authorized to announce  
DAVID ADAMS

a candidate to represent Crittenden  
and Livingston counties in the next  
General Assembly of Kentucky,  
subject to the action of the Democratic  
party.

We are authorized to announce  
G. N. MCGREW

a candidate to represent Crittenden  
and Livingston counties in the next  
General Assembly of Kentucky,  
subject to the action of the Democratic  
party.

We are authorized to announce  
T. J. NICKELL

a candidate to represent Crittenden  
and Livingston counties in the next  
General Assembly of Kentucky,  
subject to the action of the Democratic  
party.

Rape calls for rope.

Our Republican friends are following  
Cleveland.

John Howerton is still at large.  
May it not always be so.

Now let Secretary Greham speak  
out on the currency question.

We have the gold bugs  
in Marion; let us hope that the  
grasshopper will not  
add to our mis-

Mr. A. S. Clay, chairman of the  
Georgia State Central Democratic  
Committee, is out in an interview,  
and takes strong grounds in favor of  
free coinage of silver.

The local option election is ordered,  
and the fight is on. Wipe off  
your chin, pull down your vest, and  
keep in good humor, and there will  
be no blood shed nor liquor spilt.

The Courier-Journal Washington  
correspondent announces that Secretary  
Carlie will speak at Covington  
May 20, Bowling Green May 25, and  
at Louisville May 28. His utterances  
will attract universal attention.

Ex-President Harrison announces  
his retirement from active work as a  
lawyer. He is sixty-two years old,  
and thinks he has earned a rest from  
the hard work of his profession.  
This does not mean that he has re-

Again Kentucky vindicates the  
unwritten law. If public sentiment  
demanded the enforcement of all  
laws as plainly as it approves the  
severest of punishment for the de-  
stroyer of the sanctuary of the home  
our prisons would soon have to be  
enlarged.

An Ohio woman has succeeded in  
getting a divorce on the ground that  
her husband kept her a prisoner on  
an island for a year, feeding her on  
musk rats and crows, fried in skunk's  
grease. Any woman who can sur-  
vive that treatment for a year should  
have a divorce without the interven-  
tion of a court.

When you see it in the Press it is  
so, and sometimes we can prove it  
by the Courier-Journal. That paper  
says: "It is not a matter of very  
much consequence what are the views  
of Messrs. Hardin and Clay on the  
silver question, but every voter will  
want to know the attitude of the leg-  
islative candidates towards that is-  
sue. You might as well make up  
your minds to take your heads out of  
the sand gentlemen."

There is one thing the Paducah  
papers do not "write up" very exten-  
sively,—that is smallpox. You can  
not tell from the papers whether or  
not the disease is in that city. The  
Visitor, which is printed on Sunday,  
says: "When you think of getting  
frightened because this place has a  
few cases, all isolated or quickly sent  
to the pest-house or quarantined,  
where could you go to get out of  
danger?"

### That Mexican Flood.

Forced to abandon their prediction  
of a silver flood from the old world,  
in case of American free coinage, by  
the solid shot argument that Europe  
is not a silver producing country and  
that in 1894, with her mints closed to  
silver coinage, she purchased from  
America \$51,000,000 in ores and coin  
of the white metal, for consumption  
in domestic uses and in the arts and  
sciences, the single standard shoulers  
are now prophesying a Mexican flood,  
and are foreseeing disasters and disor-  
ders dark, deep, dire and dreadful,  
whenever the United States mints are  
opened to Mexican silver.

Let's see. Let's look at this flood  
before it overwhelms us:  
The report of the Director of the  
Mint—the very highest financial au-  
thority of the nation as regards money  
matters—gives these facts and figures  
concerning Mexican silver production  
during 1894:

1894.  
Silver production in Mex-  
ico, \$56,467,431  
Silver exported from Mex-  
ico, 50,831,048

Exports, \$ 5,636,383

As the American mints were closed  
to silver in 1894, and as the United  
States owed Mexico \$16,000,000 on  
balance of trade for that year, there  
can be no other conclusion—and in-  
deed this is stated by the Bureau of  
Statistics of the Treasury Department—  
than that this exportation of \$50,  
831,048 in Mexican silver went to Eu-  
rope in settlement of the interest upon  
the Mexican national debt—every  
dollar of which is held in England,  
France and Germany—and in pay-  
ment of balance of trade with various  
European nations.]

This leaves the munificent balance  
of \$5,636,383 with which to supply  
the coinage necessities of the Mexican  
Republic of 12,000,000 souls and to  
flood the North American States. If  
every cent of this sum could be di-  
verted to the United States, leaving  
Mexico without one dollar of silver  
coinage for herself during 1894, it  
would foot up to the enormous aver-  
age of six and one fourth cents for  
each and every American inhabitant.

Flood indeed!

Why, it isn't a respectable spring  
branch.  
There is a great deal of breath be-  
ing wasted, in discussing the financial  
situation, by the men who do not  
know what they are saying, and who  
do not care what they say.—Glasgow  
Times.

Has the Tennessee Legislature not  
a pace in election affairs for the next  
Congress?

Dr. D. A. Amos has been nomi-  
nated for the Legislature by the Demo-  
crats of Caldwell county. We have  
it on good authority he is a free coin-  
age advocate and will exemplify his  
faith in his vote for United States  
Senator.

The following from the Falls City  
News is worth reading, and when  
read it will be remembered by many:  
"Wanted—A friend, who will recog-  
nize me when I am compelled to  
wear patched pants; who will take  
my hand as I am sliding down hill,  
instead of giving me a kick to hasten  
my descent; who will lend me a dol-  
lar without two dollars security; who  
will come to me when I am sick; who  
will pull off his coat and fight for me  
when the odds are two to one; who  
will talk of me behind my back as he  
talks to my face. Such a friend is  
wanted by 10,000 beings throughout  
the world."

Senator Brice has written a letter  
to the Democrats of Ohio advising  
them to let free coinage alone, as a  
plank with a silver tinge in the plat-  
form might embarrass such Demo-  
crats as himself in the coming cam-  
paign. Brice, we believe, wanted  
the tariff let alone, but the country  
did not embarrass itself by paying  
any attention to the advice of the  
gentleman from Ohio. Brice is a  
good man, but his best friends have  
never claimed that he was a good  
Democrat.

### Democratic State Convention.

The following is the call for the  
Democratic State Convention:

"Resolved, That on June 15 there  
be held at each voting precinct at the  
regular voting place in each county  
and legislative district a convention  
of the voters thereof at 2 o'clock p.  
m., to select delegates to a county  
or legislative district convention to be  
held at the county seat, except  
that in counties or cities composed of  
more than one legislative district, the  
delegates shall meet at some place  
to be designated by the respec-  
tive legislative committees, on Mon-  
day, June 17, at 2 o'clock p. m., and  
at said county and district conven-  
tions delegates shall be chosen to re-  
present said counties and legislative  
districts in a state convention to be  
held on Tuesday, June 25, at 12 o'clock.

"The basis of representation on  
the part of each precinct to said county  
and legislative district conventions  
shall be one delegate for each fifty  
votes cast for the Democratic electors  
at the presidential election in  
1892, and also one delegate for each  
fraction over twenty-five votes so  
cast; provided, however, that such  
precincts as cast less than twenty-five  
votes for said electors shall be enti-  
tled to one delegate."

"The basis of the representation  
to the state convention from counties  
and legislative districts shall be one  
delegate for every 200 votes and each  
fraction over 100 votes for the Dem-  
ocratic electors at the Presidential  
election in 1892; provided, however,  
that such counties as cast 100 votes  
or less for said electors shall be enti-  
tled to one delegate."

In accordance with the above the  
Democrats of Crittenden county are  
herby called to meet at their respec-  
tive voting place, at 2 o'clock June  
15, to appoint delegates to the coun-  
ty convention to be held at Marion  
on the 17th.

According to the rule prescribed  
by the State Committee each precinct  
will be entitled to send the following  
number of delegates to the county  
convention:

No.	Dem. Votes.	Delegates.
Marion No. 1,	60	1
Marion No. 2,	94	2
Marion No. 3,	76	2
Marion No. 4,	84	2
Dycusburg,	132	3
Union,	94	2
Sheridan,	63	1
Tolu,	112	2
Fords Ferry,	84	2
Bells Mines,	103	3
Piney,	156	3
P. S. Maxwell,		
Ch'n Dem. Co. Com.		

### A Murder.

Passengers by the train from Lou-  
isville this morning told of what is  
supposed to have been a terrible mur-  
der, committed near Lewisport, on  
the Ohio river above Owensboro.  
The body of an Irish peddler was  
found in the woods near that place,  
Sunday morning with four bullet  
holes plainly to be seen and in addi-  
tion his head was badly beaten up.  
The peddler oes by the name of  
Dennis, and has made his headquar-  
ters at Owensboro, where he is well  
known. He was thought to be quite  
well off and it was for his money he  
was killed, possibly by parties who  
will pull off his coat and fight for me  
when the odds are two to one; who  
will talk of me behind my back as he  
talks to my face. Such a friend is  
wanted by 10,000 beings throughout  
the world.

### It May Do As Much For You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill.,  
writes that he had a severe kidney  
trouble for many years, with severe  
pains in his back and also that his  
bladder was affected. He tried many  
so called kidney cures but without  
and good result. About a year ago  
he began use of Electric Bitters and  
found relief at once. Electric Bitters  
is especially adapted to cure of all  
kidney and Liver Troubles and often  
gives almost instant relief. One trial  
will prove our statement. Price only  
50cts. for large bottle. At H. K.  
Weeks Drug Store.

### TOLU.

Will Beard fell from the new ware  
house Tuesday and got one or two  
ribs broken.

J. J. Bennett has finished his 200  
acre corn patent.

Misses Arbie Weldon and Nannie  
Young are visiting relatives near Sil-  
lem this week.

John Mason, of Ill., is doing some  
stone work for the people here.

Babe Kilgore, of Rosi Chaire, Ill.,  
is here lending a willing hand paper-  
ing houses.

R. A. Moore is at home again; he  
has been on a two weeks business trip  
down the river.

The new mill work is getting on  
nicely, all the frame work is up; the  
company hopes to be ready for work  
July first.

S. B. Weldon, the prohibition can-  
didate for Commissioner of Agricul-  
ture, Labor and Statistics of Ken-  
tucky, while at work Tuesday, the  
7th, received a severe sunstroke and  
fell in the field, but was able to be  
up Saturday.

A. J. Bennett has been offered 50¢  
cents for his corn, but says he will  
hold for 75¢.

Bill Tinsley found 35 cut worms  
around one onion hill. They say he  
is truthful.

Paris Weldon returned to his home  
in Missouri last week; he left pleas-  
ed with Crittenden.

Mrs. J. H. Love, of Fords Ferry,  
spent several days with her daughter  
Mrs. Millican last week.

J. C. Bozeman, our postmaster,  
and noted pig physician, has been  
trying his medical ability lately on  
his drove of swine.

The People's Store are preparing  
for gallery in the store room.

Owing to the large number of stu-  
dents of this district it is thought  
there will be a need of three teachers  
this year, to manage the little host.

The camp meeting committee met  
at Hurricane Saturday to discuss the  
coming meeting.

Mr. E. S. Wright will be proprie-  
tor of the hotel and livery stable at  
the next camp meeting.

Charlie Hall and Miss Delia Belt  
were united in marriage Wednesday  
evening.

Mrs. Ada Crawford is on the sick  
list.

Mr. Otto Guesel and family, of  
Clarksville, Tenn., are talking of mak-  
ing Tolu their home.

Mrs. Emma Weldon is visiting in  
Marion this week.

The entertainment at W. M. Hur-  
ley's Saturday night was a pleasant  
affair.

On examining the wheat of this  
section it is found to contain a little  
worm in the blades, but it is thought  
not to hurt the stalk, as they seem  
to go out before going far.

Mrs. Sue Threlkeld and Miss Cla-  
ra Brown entertained a number of  
their friends Wednesday evening.  
The pretty grassy knoll on which their  
home is built was brilliantly illumi-  
nated with scores of Japanese lan-  
terns; over the gateway in large let-  
ters was the talismanic word, "Wel-  
come." Sweet strains of music char-  
med the ears of the many guests,  
while the refreshments in the shape  
of delicious ice cream, cakes and  
fruits delighted the palate and the  
beautiful surroundings, merry com-  
pany and genuine hospitality of the  
hostesses made the affair one of the  
happiest in Tolu's social history.

Dr. Trisler was in town Saturday,  
looking for his family from Louisia-  
na. They came up on the New South  
and were gladly welcomed by their  
many friends here.

### CRAYNEVILLE.

Cutworms are damaging the corn to  
some extent in this part of the county  
but so far haven't bothered any fences.  
Messrs. Doc Jacobs and Marion  
Lewis went on an extensive fishing  
expedition last Saturday.  
If you want two eyed weeding hoes  
just call on Will Crumbaugh at P. H.  
Wood's, this city.

Mrs. Maria Stone, of Marion, and  
Mrs. Ida Clement, were visiting Mrs.  
Malvina Clement and friends, first of  
the week.

Mrs. Jack Rogers has been quite  
sick for a few days past.

Miss Lizzie McNelly of Lyon coun-  
ty is visiting her sister, Mrs. Fred  
Clement, of this neighborhood.

Tom Hobson was visiting friends  
in this neighborhood last week; his  
home is with Pate Bennett at this  
time.

Preaching at this place every 4th  
Sunday and prayer meeting every  
Wednesday night.

Miss Josie Clement has just return-  
ed from a two weeks visit to friends  
in Lyon county.

Oliver B. Swell says he likes "Roses"  
when in bud; but Oscar McNeely  
says he likes a full blown ones best;  
look out or you will lose your grip.

Miss Ray Woods spent Saturday  
and Sunday at home.

Mr. Jim Hobson went to Marion  
Saturday to see the sights. He says  
if the world is as big on the other  
side of Marion as it is on this side,  
it's a whopper.

Madam rumor says there is to be a  
wedding here soon.

You can get more goods for less  
money at this place than you can  
anywhere else.

Guess Who.

FREDONIA.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Howerton, of  
McHenry, Ky., are visiting Mr. and  
Mrs. Sam Howerton, of Kelesy.

R. C. Dobson returned from a visit  
to Kuttsa a few days since.

The Athenian Club extends a gen-  
eral invitation to every one that can  
do so to meet with them Friday  
night May 17, an interesting program  
for the occasion.

W. F. Oliver, of Crittenden was in  
town Monday.

Rev. Orr, of Princeton, preached a  
most excellent sermon at the M. E.  
church in Kelesy last Sunday. There  
was a small crowd considering the  
occasion, and the beautiful weather,  
and no preaching at Bethlehem  
either.

A large crowd of the colored popu-  
lation went to the mass convention  
last Saturday at Princeton, but not  
very many of the white citizens from  
here. R. R. Morgan was nominated  
by a vote of 118 over N. C. Hoover  
28.

Mrs. Lily Rice, of Princeton, was  
in town Sunday and Monday.

Nellie Gardner has been danger-  
ously ill of diphtheria for several days;  
her sister Georgie has recovered.

H. C. Tutley and family, of Crider,  
were in town Sunday evening.

The clover pastures on several farms  
near town are entirely destroyed by  
the cut worms, those of P. P. Baker,  
G. R. Miles, W. W. Hill and others  
are as bare as the state road.

Nearly all the farmers in this part  
of the country have had to plant their  
corn crop the second time.

Gus Higginbotham and R. F.  
Haynes, of Marion, started with the  
train and came to town last Sunday  
on their bicycles and beat the train.

The weather has been too cold and  
dry for several days for vegetation to  
grow very fast.

Notwithstanding so many complain  
of hardtimes, the merchants who ad-  
vertise are selling a big lot of goods.  
Ed. Dixon has been on the sick list  
for the past week or two.

W. J. Rice, of Lyon, was in town  
Monday evening.

C. A. Wilson and wife, of Crider,  
was in town Monday.

Frank Hughes and wife, of Crider,  
were shopping in Kelesy Monday.

John T. Woolf, and son Cleveland  
went to Iron Hill Sunday to visit his  
father and other relatives.

### GREENS CHAPEL.

Wheat crops in this locality are be-  
ing damaged by the dry weather.

J. D. Asher and wife, of Eddyville  
are visiting friends and relatives in  
this neighborhood.

Mrs. R. N. Grady is spending this  
week in Salem.

Next Sunday will be our day for  
quarterly meeting.

Misses Mary and Susie Hamilton  
and Nonie Cain were the guests of J.  
T. Scott and wife, of Baker, Thurs-  
day.

W. L. Sater and wife of Tolu, are  
visiting W. C. Hamilton and family.

Rev. Hayes delivered an excellent  
sermon at the Chapel last Sunday.



### Born a Genius

Disease Threatens to Cut  
Short a Noble Career

But Hood's Sarsaparilla Restores  
Good Health.

Little May Bentley is an accomplished elocutionist and natural born speaker of only 12 years of age. She has the only child language heard before the public. Her parents, however, did not expect her from an attack of a disease of the blood. Her own words tell the story.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass."

"I heartily join with the many thousands that are recommending Hood's Sarsaparilla. I had been troubled from infancy with gallstones in the liver. I was compelled to leave school upon the doctor's advice. He thought it was the only thing to save my life, but I

Continued to Grow Worse.

I was persuaded finally by a friend to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. The use of one bottle acted ef-

fectly upon the blood and I began to improve. After the use of three bottles the gallstones ceased and I am cured of my former trouble. I owe my life and will always remain a true friend to Hood's Sarsaparilla. Little May Bentley, Shelbyville, Indiana. Get Hood's Sarsaparilla. Hood's Pills not easily, get promptly and effectively on the liver and bowels. 25c.

### Attention Farmers.

We are now ready to handle all your surplus wheat, for which we will pay you the highest market price.

A. Dewey & Co.

ARE YOU  
BANKRUPT in health,  
constitution undermined by ex-  
travagance in eating, by disre-  
garding the laws of nature, or  
physical capital all gone, if so,  
NEVER DESPAIR

Tutt's Liver Pills will cure you.  
For sick headache, dyspepsia,  
sour stomach, malaria, torpid  
liver, constipation, biliousness  
and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills  
an absolute cure.

### MARES

For Sale.

We have four very fine standard  
bred registered mares to sell at rea-  
sonable prices.

Pierce & Son.

4w

## A Word to Farmers.

We Want to Supply Your wants in Our Line.

We announce to the Farmers of Crittenden  
and adjoining counties that we are handling  
Farming Machinery this season, and will sup-  
ply you with as good as the market affords

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

We handle the Mogul Wagon, one of best made.

WE HAVE THE CELEBRATED

Champion Harvesting Machines,

So long known, so well tried and greatly prized by farmers of the South and West.

Your attention is especially called to our own make of plows. Our double shovels, new  
ground plows and cultivators are extensively used and highly appreciated by many farmers—  
we are selling them very low and know that a fair trial will convince you of their many good  
qualities. We are also handling

National Corn, Tobacco and Wheat Fertilizers,  
One of the best commercial fertilizers known. It has been sold in this county for years, and  
is recommended by many of the best farmers

We keep on hands repairs for all the mowing machines sold in this section.

Knowing that we have good goods, and will give you value received for every dollar you spend with us, we ear-  
nestly solicit your trade. As to our reliability, we refer to our record for the many years we have done business in  
Marion. Come and see us.

MARION,  
KY.

J. W. ADAMS & SON.

## Constipation & Biliousness

Cause

Sick-headache,  
Pains in the back,  
Sallow complexion,  
Loss of appetite and  
Exhaustion.

There is only one cure, which is

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS  
AND  
Tonic Pellets

One Pink Pill touches the liver and  
removes the bile.

One Tonic Pellet nightly, acts as a  
gentle laxative in keeping the bowels  
open, restores the digestive organs, tones  
up the nervous system and makes new  
rich blood. Complete treatment, two  
medicines, one price, 25c.

Treatise and sample free at any store.

BROWN & CO., New York.

IF YOU OWE IT'S

We now say to you with the kind-  
est of feeling, but in all earnestness,  
but we must have them in one at once  
it will be entirely useless for any one  
to say for a long time, as it is impos-  
sible to have a cure and further accom-  
modation in that direction. There is  
no longer a matter of friendship but  
of absolute necessity and of business  
with us. We must have the money  
you owe us in order to pay our own  
debts. Mr. George M. Crider has  
charge of all our notes and accounts  
and he is instructed to pass no one,  
but collect from all alike.

Prompt action on your part will  
save you money.

Yours truly,  
Pierce & Son.

4w

Tired, Weak, Nervous,  
Means impure blood, and overwork or  
too much strain on brain and body.  
The only way to cure is to feed the  
nerves on pure blood. Thousands of  
people certify that the best blood  
purifier, the best nerve tonic and  
strength builder is Hood's Sarsaparilla.  
What it has done for others it will  
also do for you—Hood's Cures.

The strong point about Hood's  
Sarsaparilla is that they are perman-  
ent, because they start from the solid  
foundation of purified, vitalized and  
enriched blood.

All kinds of dressed lumber, floor-  
ing, siding, ceiling, finishing lumber,  
mouldings of every description, tur-  
ned columns; our prices will not ad-  
mit of competition. When wanting  
any of the above don't fail to get  
our prices.

A. Dewey & Co.

THE BEST is what the People  
buy the most. That's Why  
Hood's Sarsaparilla has the largest  
sale of ALL MEDICINES.

## Brooklyn's Arden Salve.

The best salve in the world for  
Cuts, Bruises







# GORDON IS FREE.

Judge Thompson Finds Him Not Guilty in Law.

Louisville, Ky., May 9.—Judge Thompson, after listening to the arguments for four hours in the Gordon-Brown murder case this afternoon decided that Fulton Gordon should not be held for trial, and at 3:10 o'clock discharged him. Judge Thompson, after the closing argument, said: "I have listened to the case carefully and have consulted the authorities. It is my deliberate judgment that this man is not only not guilty in law, but his actions will teach adulterers that when they ply their nefarious calling, they are standing upon the precipice from which they are in danger of being dashed at any moment. The prisoner is discharged."

Then followed a wild scene. People jumped upon chairs, the bar and even on the steps of the judges bench and broke into cheers. Hundreds waved their hats in the air, and the attorneys for the defense almost had their hands wrung off by the enthusiastic multitude. Judge Thompson was unable to restrain the commotion and the court was at once declared adjourned.

The defendant was not present in court, having been excused from attendance by the prosecution. Enthusiastic friends jumped into a cab, and rapidly rode to the residence of Dr. Garvin Fulton to convey the cheerful news. Gordon was overcome with emotion.

Col. Scott, for the prosecution, said after the trial that he did not know whether the case would be taken before the grand jury or not. He would have to consult with Governor Brown first. He said that he did not think the decision was warranted by the evidence.

The news was received at Frankfort by the public with expressions of satisfaction generally, and was not unexpected.

fications persons must have to obtain the State's license to take charge of her common schools. The branches specified by law are, to the extent to which they are to be pursued, fundamental, and a teacher should be so thoroughly versed in each that there will be no tendency to develop into the "arithmetical crane," the "grammar crank," or the otherwise unreasonably biased individual in a field that requires above all others the well-balanced and adaptable mind. If the foundation laid in the common school is faulty, the superstructure of the after life cannot be strong and symmetrical; and it is due to the child that none of the fundamentals alluded to be slighted. A wrong is inflicted upon him when they are slighted.

It has occurred to us that one of the most serious defects in current teaching is the partial neglect of the language studies and exercises, spelling, reading, writing and composition; and while in the questions for the year nothing will be given prominence, the tests on these points will be given their due importance, and county boards are respectfully urged to require their careful consideration as to time allotted each on examination and as to credits allowed.

Technical grammar, arithmetic, geography, history and physiology will not be less regarded than heretofore, but will be more consistent, one month with another, and better calculated to test the applicant's familiarity therewith and his judgment as to principles, effects, and application; while something more than the customary importance will be given to Civil Government and to the science and art of teaching—the latter now required by law to take its place on examination with the school branches, and to be graded with equal care.

We deprecate anything that savors of "charming for examination," but we should be remiss of duty to those who wish to enter upon the important work of teaching, (or to continue therein), if we should fail to indicate our views as to the necessity of careful attention to every branch.

most ostensible provisions. So many requests have been made by those who desire to apply during the present year for State Certificate and State Diploma for us to designate some good text books to be used in reviewing the higher branches required, in order that they may not be subjected to the unnecessary expense of purchasing works which they have in hand, that we indicate some which are deemed good and sufficient, though it is not to be inferred that similar standard works will be found to differ materially or to be deficient in treating the subjects touched upon in the test questions. In the manner of Literature, Shaw's New History of English and American Literature is sufficient; in the Science and Art of Teaching and Psychology and Rank's Psychology in Education are admirable; in Algebra, any modern treatise, of the Academic grade, will serve your purpose; in Geometry, Steele, Wells, or Worth; and in Latin, a familiarity with any standard grammar, in connection with Caesar and Virgil, will suffice.

The deep interest now being manifested in the teacher's vocation, and the increasing number of scholarly and ambitious ladies and gentlemen who are looking forward to this work, are indicative of better things for the common schools, and encouraging to us who look with much concern for evidence of improvement. A wide-awake, well equipped teacher, imbued with the spirit of his calling, is indispensable to every school. Without such, the State's beneficence is thrown away. If you are striving for this excellence, we are doing you a service when we insist upon a higher standard of thought and attainment, and it is to you whom this is addressed.

Respectfully,  
Ed. Porter Thompson,  
Jas. H. Finqua,  
C. A. Leonard.

## MINISTERS OF THE GOSPEL ENDORSE Electropoise.

Rev. John Rodgers, Danville, Ky.—It is a mystery to me, almost a miracle.  
Rev. J. B. C. Parrish, Ky.—I have used the Electropoise for five years and find it to be a most curative agent, especially in the case of feeble women and delicate children.

Rev. Robert Barrett, Louisville Baptist Seminary—Electropoise cured after all other remedies failed.  
Rev. W. W. Bruce, Houstonville, Ky.—Electropoise cured opium habit.  
Rev. Geo. Means, Covington, Ky.—In one night Electropoise relieved brain congestion and vertigo.

We could fill this paper with similar reports, but think this sufficient to interest you in sending for book on the subject of health. Electropoise rented four months for \$10.

DEBOIS & WEBB,  
509 Fourth Avenue, Louisville, Ky.

## Commissioner's Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of W. G. Koon, deceased, are hereby notified to present same, properly proven, at my office in Marion, Ky., on or before June 15, '95. All claims not thus presented will be by law forever barred.

April 23, '95. A. Wilborn, Commissioner.

## Fun for Farmers!

PLOW PRICES.

I will sell the following well known and standard plows at the following prices, for cash:  
Vulcan chilled plow, No. 12 \$7.10  
Vulcan chilled plow No. 10 6.10  
Rose clipper No. 46, steel, 8.75  
Rose clipper, No. 56, steel, 9.40  
Hickman O. K. No. 25, steel, 8.25  
Hickman O. K. No. 35 9.25  
Pony one horse steel 2.50  
OM Erie Pat 3.25  
OM Erie 0 3.50  
Hickman best wood beam 2.00  
ble shovel 2.00

Extra points with all plows.  
Full line of points and repairs at same cut price. Also a full line of new ground plows. All other goods going at similar prices.

E. C. MOORE, Marion.

**BROWN'S Iron Bitters**  
It Cures  
Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver  
Neuralgia, Troubles  
Constipation, Bad Blood  
Malaria, Nervous ailments  
Women's complaints.  
Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of your order we will send you a copy of our "Bitter World's Fair Views and Book-Price."  
BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

## FARROW'S MILITARY ENCYCLOPEDIA.

This is the Standard Military Encyclopedia of the world and the only work of its kind in the English language. It has the endorsement of the War Department and the leading military commanders of America and Europe. It is issued in three large octavo volumes of about 1000 pages each, printed on the paper, from new electrotype plates, profusely illustrated and handsomely bound. It is a complete library of military information both for military and non-military people. Every library should have it. Circles sent on application. Good agents wanted.

MILITARY AND NAVAL BOOKS.  
All the leading up-to-date military and naval books. Price list furnished on application.

MILITARY-NAVAL PUBLISHING CO.,  
611-621 Broadway, New York City.

## PATENTS

Covers and Trade-Marks obtained, and all patent business conducted for MODERATE FEE. My office is in the immediate vicinity of the Patent Office, and my facilities for securing patents are unsurpassed. I have a large stock of patent models and drawings, and I am prepared to make for my clients a complete library of patent information, including a full and complete list of all patents granted in the United States, and a full and complete list of all patents granted in the United States, and a full and complete list of all patents granted in the United States.

FRANKLIN H. HOUGH  
605 E. Second St. WASHINGTON, D. C.

## O. V. R. R.

TIME CARD.

SOUTH BOUND TRAINS.

DAYLY	No. 2	DAYLY	No. 3
Evansville.....	6:30 am	3:30 pm	
Ar. Henderson.....	7:17	4:20	
Ar. Morganfield.....	8:14	5:15	
Ar. Houshaw.....	8:46	5:48	
Ar. Sturgis.....	9:01	6:03	
Ar. Marion.....	9:49	6:13	
Ar. Princeton.....	9:54	7:44	
Ar. Gracely.....	11:49	8:53	
Ar. Hopkinsville.....	12:10 pm	9:15	

NORTH BOUND TRAINS.

DAYLY	No. 1	DAYLY	No. 4
Ar. Hopkinsville.....	5:45 am	2:45 pm	
Ar. Gracely.....	6:05	3:05	
Ar. Princeton.....	6:55	3:09	
Ar. Marion.....	7:46	3:53	
Ar. Sturgis.....	8:14	6:3	
Ar. Houshaw.....	9:01	6:54	
Ar. Sturgis.....	9:39	7:29	
Ar. Morganfield.....	10:59	8:10	
Ar. Evansville.....	11:55	9:30	

UNIONTOWN BRANCH.

Ar. Morganfield.....	10:00 am	7:30 pm
Ar. Uniontown.....	10:42 am	8:15 pm
Ar. Uniontown.....	1:31 pm	7:40 am
Ar. Morganfield.....	5:00 pm	8:05 am

## Dr. J. W. Jordan,

THE WELL KNOWN  
DENTIST.

Has permanently located in Marion. Teeth Extracted Without Pain. Full sets of teeth, guaranteed, from \$15 to \$20. I will be in town every third Saturday.

Marion.

It don't take five years to learn to play a piece of music, neither does it take a year to learn to play several pieces; that is if you go to the right teacher. I will teach your children music for \$1 per month. 6 lessons per week for the first week and 3 afterward, and if I don't learn them more and have them to understand the rules of music better and in less time than they have ever been taught in Marion, I will not charge you anything.

Come and see me about your girls and I will explain to you my method of teaching and how a girl ought to be taught to understand music.

Yours respectfully,  
Mrs. Win. Freeman.

## ST AM Dye Works!

I am prepared to clean all kinds of  
CLOTHING,  
Making them look nice  
and well as when first  
bought. I clean and renovate clothing for both  
Gentlemen and Ladies.  
Colors fast, and satisfaction  
guaranteed.

Prices for Gentlemen:  
Suits dyed \$2.00  
Coats dyed 1.00  
Pants dyed .75

Ladies:  
Dresses dyed 1.00  
Silk Dresses dyed 2.00

For Cleaning Gents':  
Suits, one 1.00  
Pants, one .50  
Coat .50

M. J. JOHNSON, Manager  
MARION, KY.

I am at Simon Bigham's.

## C. O. & S. W. R. R.

Chesapeake Ohio and Southwestern R. R.

## THE BEST LINE

LOUISVILLE  
AND  
MEMPHIS.

ALSO  
FROM AND TO  
CINCINNATI AND EVANSVILLE.

Do not purchase a Ticket—  
NORTH, EAST, SOUTH OR WEST  
Until you have consulted an Agent of the  
C. O. & S. W. R. R.

LIMITED TRAINS,  
PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS,  
MODERN EQUIPMENT.

JOHN SCHOOLS, T. B. LYNCH,  
GEN. MGR. GEN. PASS. AGT.  
LOUISVILLE, KY.

## PATENTS

Can I obtain a PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to H. A. & C. O., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A full and complete list of all patents granted in the United States, and a full and complete list of all patents granted in the United States, and a full and complete list of all patents granted in the United States.

FRANKLIN H. HOUGH  
605 E. Second St. WASHINGTON, D. C.

## MOORE & MOORE, Attorneys at Law MARION, KY.

Will practice in all the courts of Crittenden and adjoining counties. They will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to their care. Special attention given to collections. Office in brick building on public square.

W. BLAIR, JR. W. J. DEBOE

## BLUE & DEBOE, Attorneys at Law, MARION, KY.

Will practice in all courts of the state. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to their care. Office in brick building on public square.

C. H. JAMES. O. M. JAMES

## James & James, LAWYERS, MARION, - - KENTUCKY.

Practice in the courts of Crittenden and adjoining counties, and in the Circuit and Appeals.

## CRUCE & NUNN

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.  
MARION, - KENTUCKY.

Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to their care.

J. G. ROCHESTER. J. S. PIERCE

## ROCHESTER & PIERCE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, MARION, KY.

OFFICE:—Second story Carnahan block, over R. F. Haynes' store.

Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to them. Will practice in all the courts of Crittenden and adjoining counties.

We beg to announce that we have been appointed by Mr. I. W. Harper the famous Distiller, of Nelson county, Ky., Agents for his superb Ham Made Smir Mash Whiskey.

This announcement is of importance to every one, for it insures to them for the future one of the purest, most delicate, and most celebrated Whiskies in the world, and those who will take the trouble hereafter to demand the "I. W. Harper Whiskey" need have no fear that its moderate use will injure health or disposition.

J. H. ORME & Bro.,  
Marion, Ky.

## L. St. L. & T. R. R.

TIME CARD.

GOING EAST.

Ar. Henderson.....	No. 52.	No. 51.
Ar. Louisville.....	7:20 a. m.	2:55 p. m.
Ar. Louisville.....	1:00 p. m.	8:30 p. m.

GOING WEST.

Ar. Louisville.....	No. 53.	No. 51.
Ar. Henderson.....	6:30 p. m.	2:15 a. m.
Ar. Henderson.....	12:10 a. m.	1:30 a. m.

H. C. MORRIS, G. P. A.,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.

## EVANSVILLE ROUTE

CHICAGO  
CINCINNATI  
EVANSVILLE

## THE TRUNK LINE TO THE NORTH

NASHVILLE

ROUTE OF THE  
CHICAGO AND NASHVILLE LIMITED

THE ONLY  
Pullman Ventilated Train Service with  
Newest and Finest Day Coaches,  
Sleepers and Dining Cars

FROM THE SOUTH  
TO—  
St. Louis, Indianapolis,  
CHICAGO,  
Milwaukee, St. Paul,  
AND ALL PORTS IN THE  
GREAT NORTHWEST.

## THE DUCKSKIN BREECHES

BEST MADE, BEST FITTING, BEST WEARING

JEAN PANTS

MADE BY THE GOODWIN CLOTHING CO.,  
EVANSVILLE, IND.

READ A  
FAST  
TAKE A  
HINT  
GIVES  
PERFECT  
SATISFACTION  
WHEREVER  
TRIED  
SOLD EVERYWHERE  
BY THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis

## J. H. ORME, MAIN T DRUGGIST MARION KY.

Customers will find our stock complete in  
BOOKS BRUSHES SPONGES.  
STATIONERY. FINE SOAPS, OILS.  
ETC. ETC. LEAD

Prescriptions from Pure Drugs. Prices Reasonable.  
Filled at all hours, Day or Night, Accurately.  
We also handle Pure Brandy, Cognac and V. O. C. from \$1 to \$1 per gallon

## BUILDING!

If you are thinking of building or need any material for your houses, such as

Flooring, Ceiling, Siding,  
ALL KINDS OF FINISHING LUMBER.  
Shingles, Laths, Doors and Sash,  
ALL KINDS OF MOULDING and CASING.

Come and get our prices. J. N. Clark will take pleasure in making your prices cheaper than you can get anywhere. Give us a trial. Piece of business: Marion Roller Mills.

A. DEWEY & CO.

I have no stock to boast.  
I have no money to lose.  
But my tools never rust.  
For I've experience and hands to use.

## W. A. Letzinger, EXPERT JEWELER.

Has returned to Marion and has opened a Jewellers Shop in Thomas Block, grocery, the old J. N. Wood stand, and is prepared to do all kinds of repairing of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Etc., Etc. His long experience and abundant supply of the very best Jewellers tools enables him to do the very best work. GUARANTEES ALL HIS WORK. His prices are very low. The works of a watch, the wheel of a clock and the value of jewelry all require delicate handling, and it behooves the owner to take them to a workman who thoroughly understands his business.

W. E. RAGSDALE. R. E. COOPER

## Ragsdale, Cooper & Co.

Main St. Tobacco Warehouse,  
HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

Special attention to sampling and selling tobacco. Liberal advancements made on consignments. Our charges for selling Tobacco will remain \$2.50. No commission. Freight 15 cents per 100 pounds

## Farmers Attention!

Spring is here and with it comes the time to purchase numerous articles useful on the farm. Never before were farming implements so cheap, and never before was there a better grade of goods. No firm in this section keeps a better stock, and none will sell cheaper than the undersigned. We are in Salem to stay we want your trade in

## Farming Implements of all kinds, Hardware, Groceries, Saddlery

WAGON, BUGGIES,  
PLOW, HARROWS,  
RAKES, SHOVELS,  
HOES, FORKS,  
HAMES, COLLARS,  
TRACE CHAINS,  
PLOW-LINES, BRIDLES,  
FENCING WIRE, NAILS,  
SEED-SOWERS, HINGES,  
COCKLES, HARNESSES,  
CULTIVATORS,  
GROCERIES, TINWARE,  
QUEENSWARE, ETC.

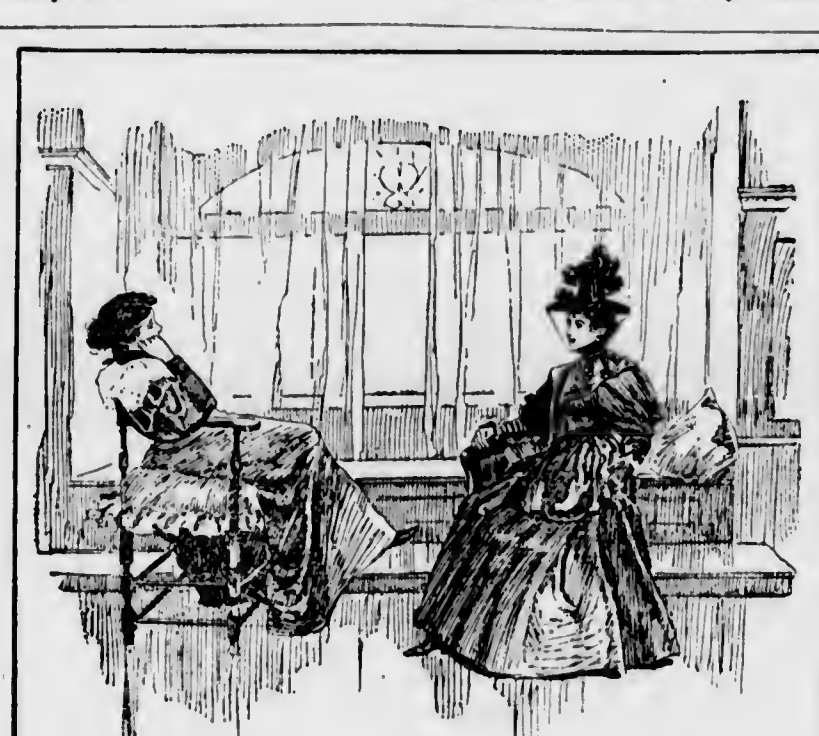
We carry everything in the Hardware Line. We carry everything in the Grocery Line. We sell the best brated

MITCHELL WAGON, &  
McCORMICK HARVESTING  
MACHINES.

Do not go away from Salem to buy these goods, do not buy at Salem until you get our prices.

YOURS TRULY,  
J. A. Utley & Co.

SALEM, KY.



## GOING INTO TRADE.

Miss Manhattan—Miss Henderson has gone abroad on business this time.  
Miss Lakeside—What kind of business?  
Miss Manhattan—Real estate.  
Miss Lakeside—What do you mean?  
Miss Manhattan—Searching titles.

—Scraper's Magazine.

## Educational.

To Applicants for County Certificate, State Certificate and State Diploma.—In making up the questions for the current year, the State Board of Examiners purpose to indicate even more emphatically than heretofore the design of the law that teaches in the public schools should be fully prepared to give accurate and efficient instruction in every branch prescribed; that they should realize the importance of this; and that County Boards of Examiners insist upon as close attention to one subject as to another. Much complaint has been made that the old tendency to regard certain things as essential and others as merely complementary or incidental still obtains; and that what is characterized in homely phrase as good "all-round" instruction and drill is far from being the rule. The question as to the relative educational value of studies is a momentous one, now fortunately undergoing in this country serious and thoughtful investigation and discussion; but it is not within the province of State or County Boards to determine (even to consider) this when pronouncing upon the qual-

and appear to have misled them by bringing them without fair warning face to face with a series of questions making those increased demands which are imperative if we wish to make some gain each year in the efficiency of teaching force.

As will be inferred, it is well that in reviewing or prosecuting the work in which many of you are now engaged in training schools, or private study, you examine with much particularity the chapter on orthography as found in your practical grammar; that you note all that is found in the writing books in general use; that in composition you consider with much care punctuation, capitalizing, paragraphing—in short all that relates to good form as well as to correctness of expression. Composition is so important that every teacher ought to make special study of some work not prescribed for use in the common schools; as Kellogg's Composition and Rhetoric, Bonnell's Composition, Butler's School English etc. In addition to a thorough acquaintance with the adopted text-books on Civil Government, the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of Kentucky should be well understood as to their

# WALKER & OLIVE, Furniture, Coffins and Building Lumber.



# TOBACCO SUPPLEMENT.

401

Press.

## HOPKINSVILLE!

Some Facts About The

### Business Center and Tobacco Market of the Entire Dark Tobacco District.

The county of Christian has sent forth into the world many men of national reputation, who have written their names indelibly in the pages of history.

In a part of Christian afterwards placed in Todd county, and within ten miles of Hopkinsville, was born Jefferson Davis, the leader of the Southern Confederacy. Upon his birthplace a memorial church has been erected, which was dedicated a years ago, Mr. Davis himself being present.

Near the present town of Herndon, just eleven miles south of Hopkinsville on the Palmyra road, vice-President Adlai E. Stevenson was born.

In the same neighborhood was born and reared J. A. McKenzie, the present Minister to Peru, who is known in forty-four States as "Quinine Jim," the author of the bill putting cinchona on the free list.

Just outside the city limits of Hopkinsville is the birthplace of Gen. J. M. Palmer, United States Senator from Illinois, who has enjoyed a national reputation for years as a soldier and a statesman.

In this section Roger Q. Mills, of Texas, spent his boyhood days, and still has a brother living in Hopkinsville.

J. C. Latham, the New York banker, Addison Carmack and J. H. Moore, all prominent in the business circles of the great metropolis; W. S. Mathews, Geo. M. Davis, John Stiles, and Arthur Wallace, who have made their marks in the business or professional circles of Louisville, and many others too numerous to mention, who have won distinction in life, first saw the light of day in Christian county.

In the farming business Capt. McNeil, in his day the richest farmer in Kentucky, W. T. Radford, the wheat king of Kentucky, and J. S. Summers, the largest planter of tobacco in the West, are remembered for the good records as men of progress, they left behind them. Though Hopkinsville has sent forth many men of fame and distinction, she still has left as fine a class of business men and progressive citizens as are to be found in any city. They may not become Presidents, Senators or great bankers and lawyers, but they are doing their part toward making Hopkinsville the "Pearl of the Pennyrile District."

M. C. FORBES.

Prominent among the leading citizens of Hopkinsville stands M. C. Forbes, the head of the largest business house in the city. He is in all things public spirited, progressive and enterprising, and Hopkinsville is proud of him and delights to honor him. He has for several years been a member of the City Council, and is a moving spirit in all works of progress and improvement. He is a native of Christian county, and has risen from a poor boy to his present standing in the community by dint of his own energy and exertions. As contractors, builders, hardware dealers and wagon manufacturers, the firm of Forbes & Bro. has no rival in this part of Kentucky in the volume of business done.

W. E. RAGSDALE.

W. E. Ragdale, the senior member and salesman of the firm of Ragdale, Cooper & Co., is the head of the largest warehouse in the city, and one of Hopkinsville's most prominent business men. He was born in Trigg county, near Lafayette, Ky., not far from the Christian county line. He developed a natural aptitude for the tobacco business at an early age, and when 16 years old was found making purchases of loose tobacco and shipping to market. Being successful in his trading and winning quite a reputation as a fine judge of tobacco, he came to Hopkinsville and started in the warehouse business at the very starting of the local tobacco market.

With his business foresight and sagacity he realized that Hopkinsville, by reason of its location and favorable surroundings, was destined to be the "Natural Market for all Tobacco grown in the Dark Tobacco District." He has called the "Box Warehouse" by his energy and business qualities he soon forged to the front rank. Later he retired from the warehouse business and opened a tobacco office. It was in this branch of the business that he equipped himself fully as a tobacco man, as he bought tobacco for the largest concerns in the world and acquired knowledge of the well-qualified by

but few men. His judgment as to qualities and values is often consulted and regarded as authority by tobacco men. This is the reason he has been so successful in the warehouse business, and has at all times been considered the leading warehouseman. He devotes his entire time to his business and is ever on the alert in guarding the interests of his patrons.

W. T. BONTÉ.

No list of Hopkinsville's prominent and representative business men would be complete without the name of W. T. Bonté, the veteran carriage manufacturer, who has been for twenty years building up a reputation second to that of no manufacturer in the State in his line. All over Western Kentucky he has sent out work that has been a constant advertisement of the superiority of his vehicles. He deserves to rank among the substantial, reliable and wide-awake business men of the most flourishing city in Kentucky.

C. M. LATHAM.

In every city there is some one man who stands head and shoulders above his fellows in his branch of trade. In Hopkinsville the first and foremost dry goods man is Chas. M. Latham, whose store is headquarters for all that is latest, best and most desirable in dry goods. A brother of Mr. J. C. Latham, of New York, and a son of the distinguished Hopkinsville banker of the same name, he is a native Hopkinsville boy, who has been educated from boyhood in the business in which he has attained such success. For 25 years he has been a merchant, and a successful one. He is known far and wide for his thorough reliability, his taste in selecting, his care in buying and his honesty in selling. Though still counted among the young men, his is the oldest business in town in his line. Whatever is to be found in dry goods in Hopkinsville is to be found in his handsome store on Main street.

JOHN R. KITCHEN.

In Hopkinsville's various branches of trade there is to be found no greater "buster" for business than John Kitchen, the enterprising young furniture dealer, who runs a big double store on Main street. He belongs to the enterprising young men who have taken in hand the work of making a big city out of the Hopkinsville of five years ago. He has put new life and vigor in his line of business, and has been wonderfully successful in reaching out for trade, and firmly establishing himself in the favor of the public. Mr. Kitchen is a gentleman in every sense, honest in his dealing, reliable in his representations and reasonable in his margins on sales. These characteristics are bound to win, and in a city that is growing as rapidly as Hopkinsville, his success is assured in advance.

J. H. ANDERSON.

J. H. Anderson, the head of the firm of J. H. Anderson & Co., is one of the most successful of Hopkinsville's younger business men. In a career of about seven years he has built up a business that is surpassed by few houses in this section of the State, and established a reputation that will undoubtedly bring him continued and increased prosperity. He is a native of Hartford, Ky., and his father before him was a successful merchant. He has been brought up to the business, and understands it in all its details. He is a close buyer, a liberal advertiser, a square dealer and a seller who lets no stock stagnate on his shelves. His house is one of the leading mercantile establishments of Hopkinsville, and a visit to the city is incomplete without a look through his big double store rooms.

TANDY G. YATES.

Located on the corner of Main and 8th streets is one of the handsomest jewelry stores in this portion of Kentucky. The presiding genius is T. G. Yates, a young man who has caught the prevailing spirit of progress and is determined to keep fully abreast of Hopkinsville's business men. Here can be found whatever is desirable in the jewelry line, and his constantly increasing trade bears testimony to his popularity with the public. Dr. Yates—for he quit the practice of medicine to enter into his present business—deserves the high rank he has attained among our leading merchants.

Continued on other side.

## For Furniture!

Of the best and cheapest, the place to go is to

**JNO. R. KITCHEN,**  
203 SOUTH MAIN STREET,  
HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

I have a large and complete stock, with prices to suit the times.

Wire Cots . . . . . \$1.50  
Oak Sideboards . . . . . \$12.50  
" Bed Room Suites . . . . . \$14.50

Will Deliver any Purchase  
At all Neighboring Towns.

You will find it TO YOUR INTEREST to call and examine my stock. I also keep on hand a complete stock of Funeral Supplies, with William Ducker as Funeral Director and Embalmer.

STOCK, TELEPHONE NO. 82. MR. WILLIAM DUCKER'S RESIDENCE, TELEPHONE NO. 15.



**McKEE,**

## "THE LEADING GROCER"

Carries the most complete line of  
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC GOODS,  
And is never undersold. Also a complete line of  
Old Kentucky & Tenn. Whiskies,  
Brandies, Wines, etc., absolutely for family purposes.  
When in the city don't fail to call and see him.  
Country Produce Bought and Sold.

## NEW SPRING GOODS!

We have opened for inspection our complete assortment of New Spring goods. Never before have we been able to offer so many inducements in either  
Style, Variety or Price.

### Bran New Patterns

That cannot be found in any other house in the city. Don't wait for the Spring rush. See our goods and get prices.

### Carpets,

Of Reliable Makes. Only those makes which we can  
**GUARANTEE, are allowed in stock.**  
Any pattern you select will be first class.

### We Open

The Spring Trade with a superb stock of first-class Dress Goods, Trimmings, etc., that are lower than ever before.  
Goods Cheerfully Shown . . .

**C. M. Latham.**



BETHEL  
FEMALE  
COLLEGE  
Hopkinsville,  
Kentucky.

SPLENDIDLY equipped and modern school, in a beautiful location. Good advantages in Music and Art. Boarding school, accessible for your Daughters.

Write for CATALOGUE.  
**S. McCall, M. A., Pres.**

## \$20 IN SILVER GIVEN AWAY!

We have had made for us a

### MINIATURE BRASS SAFE

AND TEN THOUSAND KEYS.

One, and only one, of which will unlock the safe. To every customer whose purchase

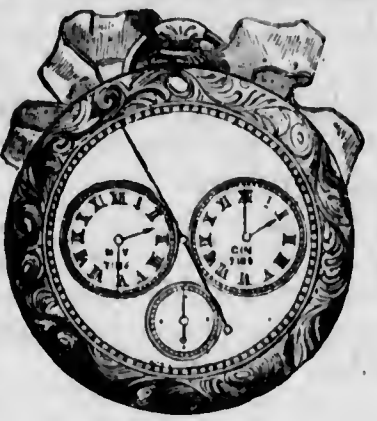
AMOUNTS TO \$2.00

Or over, we will present one of these keys. On the 12th day of August we will ask every person holding keys to come in and try them in the lock of this safe, and the person who is lucky enough to hold the correct key will find upon opening the safe 20 full size, full weight, and full value silver dollars. No one connected with our store will be allowed to hold keys, and the safe will be locked and the key

mixed up with the other 9999 by three disinterested parties: Wm. E. Ragdale, Chas. M. Meacham and M. C. Forbes. Remember that these keys do not cost you a cent, and that we will continue to sell the greatest bargains in Clothing, Men's Furnishing Goods and Shoes, in the State.

Mail orders carefully filled, and keys sent to purchaser the same as if here in person.

**J. H. ANDERSON & CO.,** Corner Main and 10th Sts.



**T. G. YATES,**  
JEWELER,  
Hopkinsville, Ky.

Special attention to Engagement and wedding Rings in solid gold set with Diamond.

Mail orders promptly attended to and money refunded if not

## SATISFACTORY.

A full line of Watches, Clocks, solid silver Hair Ornaments, and everything is guaranteed First Class. Send your watch if it needs repairing and I will advise you of the cost before fixing. . . .

## GOT WHEELS IN YOUR HEAD?



What kind? Wagons? Better get a  
**MOGUL**  
as you know it is the cheapest and best.



Maybe It's Bicycles?  
Here are the best in the world:  
Columbias  
Victors  
Syracuses  
Stearns  
Eclipses  
Waverlys  
Kenwoods  
Can be sold on the  
Installment Plan, too!

In It Buggies?

We have them—  
FORTY DIFFERENT KINDS.  
We are having a big sale on Buggies this year. We sell at a SMALL PROFIT AND SELL OFTEN.

## FORBES & BRO.



**W. T. BONTÉ,**  
MANUFACTURER OF  
FINE BUGGIES,  
CARRIAGES,  
AND WAGONS.

HAVING purchased the interest of Mr. Wright, of the late J. H. Anderson & Co., I would be pleased to have all my old customers and the public generally to call and examine my stock of

**BUGGIES, PHAETONS, SURREYS,  
SPRING WAGONS,**

and all kinds of Vehicles, before buying elsewhere. Still continue business at the old stand, Eighth street, near O. V. Depot. Repairing a specialty.



**Hopkinsville Tobacco Manufacturing Company.**  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
Kentucky Diamond,  
Old Kentucky Greenville,  
Red Duke, \* Old Joe.

**HOPKINSVILLE**  
—IS The Natural—  
**Tobacco Market**  
—Of The  
**Entire Dark Tobacco District**  
**Of Kentucky AND Tennessee.**

**W. S. ELGIN,**  
MANUFACTURER OF  
THE FINEST  
\* Cigars. \*  
5 cent,  
Elks Lodge,  
Kentucky Pride,  
The Op  
10 cent,  
Favorite d' Cuba,  
Hotel Latham,  
Key Wet  
HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

Continued from first side.

LEM MCKEE.

Not only in manufacturing, clothing, dry goods, jewelry, furniture and other lines of trade is Hopkinsville blessed with a better class of merchants than most cities, but it is also true of the grocery business, always an important branch. Upon the grocer the public must rely for the goods that feed the people, and it is doubly important to have men engaged in this business who enjoy the confidence of their customers. The grocery trade of Hopkinsville is very large, but the man who stands at the head of this branch of the trade is Lem McKee, better known as "McKee, the Grocer," who does business in the Opera House building, on Main street. His stock covers the whole range of groceries, and the business he does in Christian and adjoining counties is enormous. Personally Mr. McKee is a genial, affable gentleman, popular with everybody, and it is due to his personal popularity as well as his excellent business capacity that he has been so successful.

DR. T. S. MCCALL.

If there is any one thing more than her people and her magnificent streets that Hopkinsville is proud of, it is the excellent school facilities she offers to children, young men and young ladies of this portion of Kentucky. The city has long been regarded as an educational center, and no city in Kentucky is blessed with better schools. Among these, that old established institution of learning, Bethel Female College, ranks at the front. Always a popular school, it has of late years been wonderfully built up, and its prosperity greatly increased. This is due to the hustling qualities of Rev. T. S. McCall, the present principal, who took charge of the college a few years ago, and has ever since kept the boarding department crowded with pupils from all over the country. An unusually satisfactory session is drawing to a close and Dr. McCall is confident that the next session will be the most successful in the history of the college.

Visiting the Pope of Rome.

The crown princess of Sweden and Norway, who is sojourning in Rome for the winter, is now so improved in health that the other Sunday she was able to pay her long-deferred visit to the holy father. Her royal highness was received with royal honors. This visit recalls an incident which occurred on the occasion of the first visit of King Oscar to his holiness some years ago, when the bluff Scandinavian sea king startled the Pontifex Maximus and his entire entourage by, instead of the proverbial kissing of his toe, seized Leo XIII. in his manly arms, and in the fashion among royalty, kissing him on both cheeks!

The Production of Peanuts.

There is the succulent peanut. Maybe you think it doesn't play a large part on the industrial stage, but if you do, you are mistaken. The yearly production of peanuts in this country is about 88,000,000 pounds, Virginia, Georgia, Tennessee and North Carolina harvesting the most in the order named. But, after all, the American crop of peanuts is small compared with that of Africa, which in 1892 shipped 400,000,000 pounds of peanuts to Europe.—N. Y. Tribune.

**TOBACCO SALES.**



Sales by Ragdale, Cooper & Co. April 24 and 25th, 115 hhd. as follows:  
61 hhd. good and med. leaf, \$12 75, 12 25, 11 75, 11 50, 11 25, 11 00, 10 75, 10 50, 10 25, 10 00, 9 75, 9 50, 9 25, 9 00, 8 75, 8 50, 8 25, 8 00, 7 75, 7 50, 7 25, 7 00, 6 75, 6 50, 6 25, 6 00, 5 75, 5 50, 5 25, 5 00, 4 75, 4 50, 4 25, 4 00, 3 75, 3 50, 3 25, 3 00, 2 75, 2 50, 2 25, 2 00, 1 75, 1 50, 1 25, 1 00, 75, 50, 25, 00.  
11 hhd. trash, \$2 15, 2 00, 1 70, 1 50, 1 25, 1 00, 75, 50, 25, 00.  
Our market is strong on good and medium leaf, these grades are selling for very satisfactory prices. Common leaf and greenish leaf is low and dull. We advise the planters and dealers to put the greenish leaf up in good keeping order and allow them to go through the sweat before offering them for sale. Lugs are rather low, we hope to see for them later on. Ship your tobacco to us and we will get you the highest market price.  
Yours very truly,  
RAGDALE, COOPER & CO.

Sales of 52 hhd. April 22, by Wheeler, Mills & Co. as follows:  
10 hhd. med to good leaf, \$11 00, 10 50, 9 00, 8 75, 8 50, 8 00, 7 75, 6 90, 5 95, 5 90.  
28 hhd. com. leaf, 3 at \$5 50 each, 5 40, 5 25, 5 10, 4 85, 4 50, 4 30, 4 00, 3 95, 3 80, 3 60, 3 50, 3 40, 3 at 3 30 each, 3 00.  
16 hhd. lugs and trash, \$3 00, 2 95, 2 85, 3 at 2 50 each, 2 25, 2 25, 2 10, 2 10, 2 00, 2 00, 1 50, 1 50, 1 30, 1 30.  
Market strong and active on all tobaccos of any character at all.  
W. M. & Co.

Sales by Abernathy & Co. April 24, of 67 hhd. as follows:  
28 hhd. med. leaf, \$9 70, 9 60, 9 50, 9 00, 7 00, 8 25, 3 at 8 10 each, 8 00, 8 00, 8 20, 7 90, 7 80, 7 75, 7 75, 7 80, 7 50, 7 20, 7 20, 7 00, 6 90, 6 80, 6 60, 6 80, 6 60, 6 50, 6 50.  
27 hhd. low leaf, \$5 50 to 3 00.  
12 hhd. lugs, \$3 25 to 1 25.  
Market active and steady.  
A. & Co.

Sales by Hanbery & Shryer April 24, of 30 hhd. as follows:  
9 hhd. good leaf, \$9 50, 9 50, 9 00, 8 50, 8 10, 8 00, 7 30, 7 75, 7 00.  
11 hhd. med. leaf, \$5 70, 6 50, 6 20, 6 00, 6 00, 5 90, 5 70, 5 75, 5 25, 5 25.  
6 hhd. com. leaf, \$5 00, 4 80, 3 50, 3 25, 3 25, 3 10.  
4 hhd. lugs, \$3 25, 3 00, 2 50, 2 50.  
Sales by Gaither & West April 25, of 50 hhd. as follows:  
16 hhd. med. to good leaf, \$8 80, 8 20, 8 10, 7 90, 7 60, 7 50, 6 10, 6 20, 6 50, 7 30, 6 25, 7 90, 7 00, 8 10, 7 00, 8 50.  
19 hhd. com. and nondescript leaf,

\$5 50, 4 20, 4 80, 3 50, 3 90, 3 80, 4 60, 4 10, 4 50, 4 20, 3 50, 4 75, 5 75, 5 95, 4 00, 4 50, 5 00, 4 50, 4 75.  
17 hhd. lugs and trash, \$3 40, 3 25, 3 25, 3 40, 3 50, 1 75, 1 90, 2 80, 3 30, 3 25, 3 20, 2 80, 1 20, 1 50, 1 80, 2 50, 2 00.  
Our offerings this week consisted largely of common leaf and lugs in soft order. The market was about the same as last week.

The market has remained steady throughout the entire month of April. Common grades have appeared to be cheap, and all tobacco that has been wet or out of condition was badly neglected, while the demand and activity have increased on all desirable grades as the weather has improved for safe handling.

The man who is prizing, or has yet to prize, will fare better than his brother that put up his tobacco in winter order.

**MARK YOUR HOGSHEADS**  
**R. C. & CO.**  
HOPKINSVILLE, KENTUCKY.

**TOBACCO SUPPLIES**

For the French Government.

Sealed proposals will be received May 8th at Paris, France, for the delivery to the French Regio of the following quantities and sorts of tobacco, viz:

Virginia..... 850,000  
Kentucky Light..... 5,600,000  
Kentucky Heavy..... 600,000  
Kentucky Burley..... 2,200,000

Total..... 9,250,000  
Schedules and samples are to be seen at the office of the French Consul General at New York, 35 South William street, any day from 10 to 3 p. m.  
EDMOND BEUWAERT,  
French Consul General.

About 7,500 to 8,000 kilos equals one hogshead tobacco. French styles of tobacco have been considered scarce and will no doubt bring satisfactory prices.

Less Maryland and Ohio Taken by the French Regio.

The French have called for 8,580,000 pounds of Maryland and 1,760,000 of Ohio tobacco this year. This is 620,000 pounds less of Maryland and 240,000 pounds less of Ohio than the previous year. Of course our readers know that the Ohio tobacco meant is the Eastern Ohio crop marketed in Baltimore and not Burley. This reduction in the wants of Maryland and Ohio aggregates about 2,700 hogsheads, and while it does not cut a large figure, yet it is a straw which shows that the French are looking more to the West for their stock, and to the Baltimore trade, it will not be the best of news.

French Government's Wants

It will be seen that the French government this year calls for 11,200,000 of light Kentucky tobacco, (against 13,200,000 last year) 1,820,000 pounds of heavy Kentucky, (against 650,000 pounds last year) 4,840,000 pounds of Burley, (against 4,500,000 pounds last year) and 1,870,000 pounds of Virginia, (as against 1,125,000 pounds last year). It is pleasant to the Burley trade to note that each year the French dip deeper into the Burley stock, and while the additional amount asked for this year is only about 300 hogsheads, it shows growing use of a type which they have used only of late years. The sum total of their wants in Kentucky and Virginia is within 255,000 pounds of last year's wants.

Diamond Cutters Are Watched.  
Not only is diamond cutting not a specially high paid occupation, but it is one involving a most humiliating system of espionage to the worker. Each man is held strictly to account for the stones he receives on going to work in the morning, and the count has to be carefully taken when the unfinished work is turned in at night to be looked up in a safe against the return of the workmen the next day. The possibilities of theft are great, though a dishonest workman knows that an attempt to dispose of an unfinished stone would bring suspicion upon him wherever the attempt was made.

**The Same Old Song.**

"There is the usual and stereotyped report going the rounds that 'the crop will be short,' 'planting very late,' and 'few preparing land,' but the fact is that many in even the old Tobacco growing districts of the West report an abundance of beds, plants apparently doing well, and many of the planters had their land plowed in the fall, and the prospects are when the plants get ready for transplanting a good crop will be set out. If the stress of prices would be felt anywhere, and there was any place where they would create dissatisfaction, the older counties would be the field, but planters realize that relatively Tobacco is paying about as well as any crop, and the degree of their pay depends now, as ever, on their industry, intelligence and ability. And to the 'new comer' Tobacco culture has always its hope and its fascination, so the prospect of the Tobacco crop being cut from natural cause is very unstable.

The trade can content themselves with the fact that only Providence and the elements can endanger the Tobacco crop, and for the few that will drop out of Tobacco culture from disappointment and disgust there will be more to commence it in hope that Tobacco has become a staple crop, both on account of its consumption and the extent of territory found suitable to its growth, and the chances of failure in it are even less than in some other important crops."

Western Tobacco Journal.  
The above article, copied from the Western Tobacco Journal shows the farmer how the manufacturers and Regio contractors regard the rumors that are circulated every spring at planting time, about the probabilities of a failure in a tobacco crop. So if you know any bug news, cut or army worm scares, don't tell it, but work on those fellows. Don't believe reports that may come from a different neighborhood from where you live, whether good or bad, they are always exaggerated. Don't predict ruin and destruction from worms, bugs or scarcity of plants, as no one will believe you.

**He Sniffeth the Earthquake.**

It is a well-known fact that horses can hear sounds that are not perceptible to human ears. For days previous to the great earthquake in the Riviera the horses of that locality showed every symptom of fear, which continued without change of character, unless it was in the direction of greater frenzy, till the fury of the great convulsion broke forth. Not until a few seconds, however, before the earth began to tremble did human beings hear the subterranean rumblings. One writer from the scene says that in his opinion the horses knew that the great quake was on the way from seventy-two to one hundred hours before their masters heard or felt the first jar.—St. Louis Republic.

*Jas. B. Ware & Co.,  
Leaf Tobacco Brokers,  
Hopkinsville and Clarksville.*

**HOPKINSVILLE AND CLARKSVILLE TOBACCO MARKET.**

Apr. 27th, 1895.

Receipts for week..... 700 Hhds.	Receipts for year..... 3190 Hhds.
Sales for week..... 289 Hhds.	Sales for year..... 1917 Hhds.
<b>QUOTATIONS:</b>	
Common Lugs..... 2 8 8	Common Leaf..... 4 0 5 1
Medium Lugs..... 3 6 3 1	Medium Leaf..... 7 0 8 1
Good Lugs..... 3 4 2 4	Good Leaf..... 8 0 10 1
Fine Lugs..... 4 1 2 5	Fine Leaf..... 10 0 12 1
Old Lugs..... 3 4 4	Wrappers..... 13 0 16
Old Leaf..... 4 0 6 1	Africans..... (26 @ 23 inches) 7 1 0 8 1

The receipts this week on both markets were 1789 hhd.; offerings 1223 hhd. and sales 819 hhd.; showing rejections to be about 33 per cent; which is the smallest percentage for some weeks. Prices were again firm on all tobaccos of decided merit; and especially so on the "top" grades of leaf; which is none too plentiful. However we are now selling a fair chance of good fine leaf on both markets.  
The condition of the "weed" improves from week to week, as the season advances, and the order of many hhd. is now safe. We hear some talk of damage to the young plants by "army worms," to which we attach but little importance; as plants generally are doing well; and with seasons, most of the crop will be planted in May.

Receipts and Sales above refer to Hopkinsville only.

Respectfully,

*Jas. B. Ware, & Co.*

HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

See reduced freight rates below:

New York..... 53c	Pittsburgh..... 88c
Baltimore..... 50c	Philadelphia..... 51c
Louisville..... 18c	Richmond..... 45c
Boston..... 57c	New Orleans..... 35c

WE BUY ON BOTH MARKETS.



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**Charges Only**  
**\$2 50**  
**Per Hogshead.**

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★ **FOUR MONTHS FREE STORAGE.** ★



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